



First Conditional:

First Conditional Basics: If + Present Simple, Will + Base Verb

Fill in the blank with the correct option.

- If it ___ tomorrow, we will stay at home.
a) will rain
b) rains
c) is raining
d) rained
- If you study hard, you ___ the exam.
a) will pass
b) passed
c) pass
d) are passing
- She ___ angry if you don't tell her the truth.
a) is
b) was
c) will be
d) is being
- If we ___ now, we will catch the 6 o'clock train.
a) will leave
b) leave
c) left
d) are leaving
- If the weather ___ nice this weekend, we'll go to the beach.
a) is
b) will be
c) was
d) were
- I ___ you if I need any help.
a) call
b) called
c) will call
d) am calling
- If he ___ the job, he'll move to New York.
a) will get
b) got
c) is getting
d) gets
- If you eat too much, you ___ feel sick.
a) would
b) are
c) do
d) will
- We ___ late if we don't hurry.
a) are
b) will be
c) were
d) have been
- If she ___ hard enough, she won't pass the test.
a) won't study
b) isn't studying
c) doesn't study
d) didn't study



Answers

1. b) rains
2. a) will pass
3. c) will be
4. b) leave
5. a) is
6. c) will call
7. d) gets
8. d) will
9. b) will be
10. c) doesn't study
11. a) save
12. b) will be
13. b) finishes
14. d) will lose
15. a) arrives
16. c) don't eat
17. d) bring
18. d) take, will reach
19. c) will be
20. a) doesn't accept, won't



Explanations

1. “rains” (b)

In the first conditional, the if-clause uses present simple, NOT 'will'. 'It' is third person singular → 'rains'.

2. “will pass” (a)

The result clause uses 'will + base verb'. 'You will pass' expresses a real future possibility.

3. “will be” (c)

The result clause uses 'will + base verb': 'She will be angry'. Note the if-clause comes second, so no comma is needed.

4. “leave” (b)

The if-clause uses present simple: 'If we leave'. Never use 'will' in the if-clause of a first conditional.

5. “is” (a)

The if-clause uses present simple: 'If the weather is nice'. 'We'll' is the contracted form of 'we will'.

6. “will call” (c)

The result clause uses 'will + base verb': 'I will call you'. This expresses a promise about the future.

7. “gets” (d)

'He' is third person singular → 'gets' in present simple. The if-clause never uses 'will' in a first conditional.

8. “will” (d)

The result clause uses 'will + base verb': 'you will feel sick'. 'Would' is for the second conditional (unreal situations).

9. “will be” (b)

'We will be late' — the result clause uses 'will + base verb'. The if-clause uses 'don't hurry' (present simple negative).

10. “doesn't study” (c)

The if-clause uses present simple negative: 'doesn't study'. 'Won't study' is wrong because we never put 'will' in the if-clause.

11. “save” (a)

Present simple in the if-clause: 'If I save'. This talks about a real future possibility, not an unreal situation.

12. “will be” (b)

'They will be disappointed' — the result clause uses 'will + be'. The if-clause uses present simple negative.

13. “finishes” (b)

'Tom' is third person singular → 'finishes' in present simple. Remember: no 'will' in the if-clause.

14. “will lose” (d)

'You will lose weight' uses 'will + base verb' in the result clause. This is a prediction about a real future outcome.

15. “arrives” (a)

'The bus' is third person singular → 'arrives'. The if-clause uses present simple; 'won't' is the negative of 'will' in the result clause.

16. “don't eat” (c)

Present simple negative in the if-clause: 'don't eat'. Using 'won't eat' would be incorrect — no 'will' forms in the if-clause.

17. “bring” (d)

Present simple: 'if you bring'. The result clause comes first here ('I'll lend you'), but the grammar rule is the same.

18. “take, will reach” (d)

If-clause: present simple 'take'. Result clause: 'will + base verb' → 'will reach'. The second option is a second conditional (unreal).

19. “will be” (c)

'The roads will be dangerous' — result clause with 'will + be'. 'If it snows' uses present simple in the if-clause.

20. “doesn't accept, won't” (a)

If-clause uses present simple negative: 'doesn't accept'. Result clause uses 'won't' (will not): 'she won't come'. Both clauses are negative here.