



Answers

1. a) must
2. b) can
3. c) mustn't
4. d) have to
5. a) may
6. b) mustn't
7. c) must
8. d) don't have to
9. a) can
10. b) must
11. c) can't
12. d) can
13. a) must
14. b) can't
15. c) may
16. d) have to
17. a) mustn't
18. b) can
19. c) don't have to
20. d) must



Explanations

1. “must” (a)

'Must' expresses obligation — it's compulsory, so it's not a choice. 'Can' and 'may' would express permission, which doesn't match 'compulsory'.

2. “can” (b)

'Can' expresses permission — the coupon allows you to do something. It's not an obligation (must/have to) or a prohibition (mustn't).

3. “mustn't” (c)

'Mustn't' expresses prohibition — something is strictly forbidden. 'Don't have to' means it's not necessary (no obligation), which is very different.

4. “have to” (d)

'Have to' expresses obligation — there is a deadline, so it's required. 'Can' and 'may' express permission, not obligation.

5. “may” (a)

'May' gives permission — it's optional ('if they want to'). 'Must' and 'have to' would make it an obligation.

6. “mustn't” (b)

'Mustn't' expresses prohibition — it's illegal. 'Don't have to' means not necessary, which is completely different.

7. “must” (c)

'Must' expresses obligation — it's a requirement. 'Can' or 'may' would mean it's optional, which contradicts the rule.

8. “don't have to” (d)

'Don't have to' means there is no obligation — it's optional. 'Mustn't' means it's forbidden, which gives the opposite meaning.

9. “can” (a)

'Can' gives permission — you're allowed to use the car. There's no obligation involved.

10. “must” (b)

'Must' expresses obligation — it's a requirement for all visitors. 'Can' and 'may' would mean it's optional.

11. “can't” (c)

'Can't' expresses prohibition — it's not allowed without a permit. 'Don't have to' would mean it's not necessary, which is incorrect.

12. “can” (d)

'Can' expresses permission and choice — either method is allowed. 'Must' or 'have to' would imply only one option.

13. “must” (a)

'Must' expresses obligation — it's a safety requirement, not optional.

14. “can't” (b)

'Can't' expresses prohibition — entry is not permitted once the test begins.

15. “may” (c)

'May' gives permission — bringing food is allowed but not required. 'Must' or 'have to' would make it an obligation.

16. “have to” (d)

'Have to' expresses obligation — attendance is mandatory, meaning it's not optional.

17. “mustn't” (a)

'Mustn't' expresses prohibition — it's forbidden for safety reasons. 'Don't have to' would mean it's not necessary, giving the wrong message.

18. “can” (b)

'Can' expresses permission — members are allowed to use the gym. It's a privilege, not an obligation.

19. “don't have to” (c)

'Don't have to' means there is no obligation — wearing a tie is optional. 'Mustn't' would mean it's forbidden, which is wrong.

20. “must” (d)

'Must' expresses obligation — there is a requirement to check out by 11 a.m., or you will be charged extra.