

12. There ___ enough time to finish the project. The deadline is tomorrow!
a) wasn't
b) won't be
c) isn't going to be
d) weren't
13. In a hundred years, there probably ___ cities on the moon.
a) will be
b) was
c) are going to be
d) were
14. Look at all these dark clouds! There ___ a thunderstorm.
a) is going to be
b) will be
c) was
d) were
15. ___ there going to be a swimming pool in the new sports centre?
a) Will
b) Was
c) Were
d) Is
16. There ___ several delays on the trains yesterday because of the snow.
a) will be
b) are going to be
c) were
d) was
17. There ___ a lot more tourists in this city next summer.
a) were
b) will be
c) was
d) is going to be
18. I've seen the plans. There ___ three new classrooms and a library.
a) are going to be
b) were
c) will be
d) was
19. There ___ any tickets left by Friday, so book now.
a) weren't
b) aren't going to be
c) wasn't
d) won't be
20. A: ___ there be enough chairs for everyone? B: Yes, don't worry.
a) Was
b) Were
c) Will
d) Is



Answers

1. d) is going to be
2. b) will be
3. d) is going to be
4. a) will be
5. b) aren't going to be
6. c) Will
7. b) is going to be
8. c) is going to be
9. b) will be
10. d) will be
11. a) was
12. c) isn't going to be
13. a) will be
14. a) is going to be
15. d) Is
16. c) were
17. b) will be
18. a) are going to be
19. d) won't be
20. c) Will



Explanations

1. “is going to be” (d)

We can see evidence now (the dark sky), so we use 'is going to be' for a prediction based on present evidence. There is going to be a storm soon.

2. “will be” (b)

'I think' introduces a personal opinion about the distant future, so we use 'will be'. There will be flying cars in the future.

3. “is going to be” (d)

The meeting is already planned and scheduled ('on the calendar'), so we use 'is going to be'. There is going to be a meeting at 3 p.m. tomorrow.

4. “will be” (a)

This is a reassurance about the future, expressing confidence. 'Will be' is natural here. There will be enough food for everyone.

5. “aren't going to be” (b)

The speaker has checked and found evidence (no seats available). 'Aren't going to be' is used because the conclusion is based on current evidence. There aren't going to be any free seats.

6. “Will” (c)

To form a question about the future with 'will', we say 'Will there be...?' Will there be a test next Friday?

7. “is going to be” (b)

A weather forecast provides evidence for a prediction, so 'is going to be' fits best. There is going to be heavy rain all weekend.

8. “is going to be” (c)

Construction has already started — this is clear evidence of a plan in progress, so we use 'is going to be'.

9. “will be” (b)

'I don't think' expresses a personal belief about the future. We use 'will be'. I don't think there will be any problems.

10. “will be” (d)

This is a general prediction about the distant future. 'Will be' is used for predictions not based on immediate evidence. There will be over 10 billion people on Earth by 2050.

11. “was” (a)

'Last weekend' is past tense, so we use 'was'. There was a big concert in the park last weekend.

12. “isn't going to be” (c)

The deadline is tomorrow and there's evidence of not enough time remaining. 'Isn't going to be' expresses a prediction based on the current situation.

13. “will be” (a)

'In a hundred years' and 'probably' signal a speculative prediction about the distant future. We use 'will be'.

14. “is going to be” (a)

'Look at all these dark clouds!' provides visible evidence, so we use 'is going to be' for a prediction based on what we can see now.

15. “Is” (d)

To form a question with 'going to', we use 'Is there going to be...?' for singular nouns. Is there going to be a swimming pool?

16. “were” (c)

'Yesterday' tells us this is past tense, and 'several delays' is plural, so we use 'were'. There were several delays yesterday.

17. “will be” (b)

'Next summer' refers to the future. This is a general prediction without immediate evidence, so 'will be' is appropriate.

18. “are going to be” (a)

'I've seen the plans' provides evidence of a definite arrangement. 'Are going to be' is used because the plans already exist. 'Three new classrooms' is plural, so we use 'are'.

19. “won't be” (d)

The speaker is warning about the future ('book now'). 'Won't be' is the negative of 'will be'. There won't be any tickets left by Friday.

20. “Will” (c)

The question asks about a future situation. 'Will there be...?' is the question form. The answer 'don't worry' confirms a future context.