

12. How is your new project ____?
- a) coming up
b) coming along
c) coming across
d) coming out
13. She ____ a brave face even though she was upset.
- a) put off
b) put up
c) put on
d) put out
14. He offered me the job, but I had to ____ it ____ because the salary was too low.
- a) turn ... down
b) turn ... on
c) turn ... off
d) turn ... up
15. The truth will ____ sooner or later.
- a) come up
b) come along
c) come across
d) come out
16. The government has ____ new regulations on pollution.
- a) put off
b) put forward
c) put away
d) put down
17. The company ____ over two million pounds last year.
- a) turned on
b) turned up
c) turned over
d) turned out
18. She ____ a great idea for the school fundraiser.
- a) came up with
b) came across
c) came out with
d) came along with
19. Please ____ your hand if you have a question.
- a) put on
b) put out
c) put off
d) put up
20. The fugitives decided to ____ after weeks on the run.
- a) turn themselves on
b) turn themselves in
c) turn themselves up
d) turn themselves down



Answers

1. c) put off
2. a) turn into
3. d) came across
4. b) put out
5. c) turn out
6. a) coming out
7. d) put up with
8. b) turns out
9. c) come up
10. a) put away
11. d) turn up
12. b) coming along
13. c) put on
14. a) turn ... down
15. d) come out
16. b) put forward
17. c) turned over
18. a) came up with
19. d) put up
20. b) turn themselves in



Explanations

1. “put off” (c)

'Put off' means to postpone or delay. 'Put on' means to wear. 'Put up' means to provide accommodation or to build. 'Put out' means to extinguish a fire.

2. “turn into” (a)

'Turn into' means to change or transform into something different. 'Turn on' means to start a device. 'Turn off' means to stop a device. 'Turn over' means to flip to the other side.

3. “came across” (d)

'Come across' means to find something by chance. 'Come up' means to arise or be mentioned. 'Come out' means to be published or to appear. 'Come back' means to return.

4. “put out” (b)

'Put out' means to extinguish a fire. 'Put off' means to postpone. 'Put down' means to place on a surface or to criticise. 'Put away' means to store in the correct place.

5. “turn out” (c)

'Turn out' means to result or happen in a particular way. 'Turn up' means to arrive or to increase volume. 'Turn on' means to start a device. 'Turn over' means to flip.

6. “coming out” (a)

'Come out' means to be published or released. 'Come up' means to arise or be mentioned. 'Come back' means to return. 'Come along' means to make progress.

7. “put up with” (d)

'Put up with' means to tolerate something unpleasant. It is an inseparable three-word phrasal verb. 'Put down to' means to attribute something to a cause.

8. “turns out” (b)

'Turn out' also means to produce or manufacture. 'Turn up' means to arrive. 'Turn on' means to start a device. 'Turn over' means to generate revenue (in business).

9. “come up” (c)

'Come up' means to arise unexpectedly, to occur. 'Come across' means to find by chance. 'Come out' means to be published. 'Come along' means to make progress.

10. “put away” (a)

'Put away' means to store something in its proper place. 'Put on' means to wear. 'Put off' means to postpone. 'Put out' means to extinguish.

11. “turn up” (d)

'Turn up' means to arrive, especially unexpectedly or late. 'Turn out' means to result. 'Turn into' means to transform. 'Turn down' means to reject or reduce volume.

12. “coming along” (b)

'Come along' means to make progress or develop. 'Come up' means to arise. 'Come across' means to find by chance. 'Come out' means to be published.

13. “put on” (c)

'Put on' can mean to pretend to have a feeling or quality ('put on a brave face'). It also means to wear clothing. 'Put up' means to build or accommodate. 'Put off' means to postpone.

14. “turn ... down” (a)

'Turn down' means to reject an offer or request. 'Turn on' means to start a device. 'Turn off' means to stop a device. 'Turn up' means to arrive or increase volume.

15. “come out” (d)

'Come out' means to become known or revealed. 'Come up' means to arise. 'Come along' means to progress. 'Come across' means to find by chance.

16. “put forward” (b)

'Put forward' means to propose or suggest an idea or plan. 'Put off' means to postpone. 'Put away' means to store. 'Put down' means to place on a surface or criticise.

17. “turned over” (c)

'Turn over' in business means to generate a particular amount of revenue. 'Turn on' means to start a device. 'Turn up' means to arrive. 'Turn out' means to result or to produce.

18. “came up with” (a)

'Come up with' means to think of an idea, plan, or solution. 'Come across' means to find by chance. 'Come out with' means to say something suddenly. 'Come along with' means to accompany.

19. “put up” (d)

'Put up' (your hand) means to raise it. 'Put up' has many meanings: raise, build, accommodate. 'Put on' means to wear. 'Put out' means to extinguish. 'Put off' means to postpone.

20. “turn themselves in” (b)

'Turn (oneself) in' means to go to the police and admit guilt or surrender. 'Turn on' means to start a device. 'Turn up' means to arrive. 'Turn down' means to reject.